

## Lineshape of $^{57}\text{Co}$ Sources Exhibiting Selfabsorption

H. Spiering, V. Ksenofontov, O. Leupold<sup>1</sup>, J. Kusz<sup>2</sup>, L. Deák<sup>3</sup>,  
Z. Németh<sup>3</sup>, C. Bogdán<sup>3</sup>, G. Vankó<sup>3</sup>, L. Bottyán<sup>3</sup>, D.L. Nagy<sup>3</sup>

*Institut für Anorganische Chemie und Analytische Chemie, Mainz, Germany*

*1HASYLAB at DESY, Hamburg, Germany*

*<sup>2</sup>Institute of Physics, University of Silesia, Katowice, Poland*

*<sup>3</sup>Wigner Research Centre for Physics, Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Budapest, Hungary*

Mössbauer spectra were measured with a  $^{57}\text{Co}/\text{Rh}$  source of 2 mCi (originally 100 mCi) activity as well as with a 4 mCi  $^{57}\text{Co}/\alpha\text{-Fe}$  source 25  $\mu\text{m}$  thickness both from the active and the inactive side. The absorber was a single crystal of ferrous ammonium sulphate hexahydrate (FAS) belonging to the monoclinic space group  $P2_1/c$  with two equivalent sites per unit cell related by the  $C_2$ -axis parallel to the (201) plane and crystallizing as flat plates containing the (201) plane. The  $2\times 2$  scattering matrices of the quadrupole transitions of the two sites are obtained from a simultaneous fit of a series of 20 spectra [1]. In case of the  $^{57}\text{Co}/\alpha\text{-Fe}$  source, the Fe foil was magnetized by an in-plane magnetic field of 0.2 T parallel to the  $C_2$ -axis of the FAS crystal. The  $\gamma$ -direction was orthogonal both to the Fe foil and the crystal plate. The emission spectrum of the  $^{57}\text{Fe}$  nuclei in the 14.4 keV state consists of 6 linear polarized lines with the intensity ratio 3:4:1:1:4:3. The three spectra in Fig.1 were fitted by integrating over the source sampled up to 128 layers. The distribution of the  $^{57}\text{Co}$  and  $^{57}\text{Fe}$  sites was taken to be homogeneous [2] for the 100 mCi source while a one-dimensional diffusion profile was assumed for  $^{57}\text{Co}/\alpha\text{-Fe}$  foil.

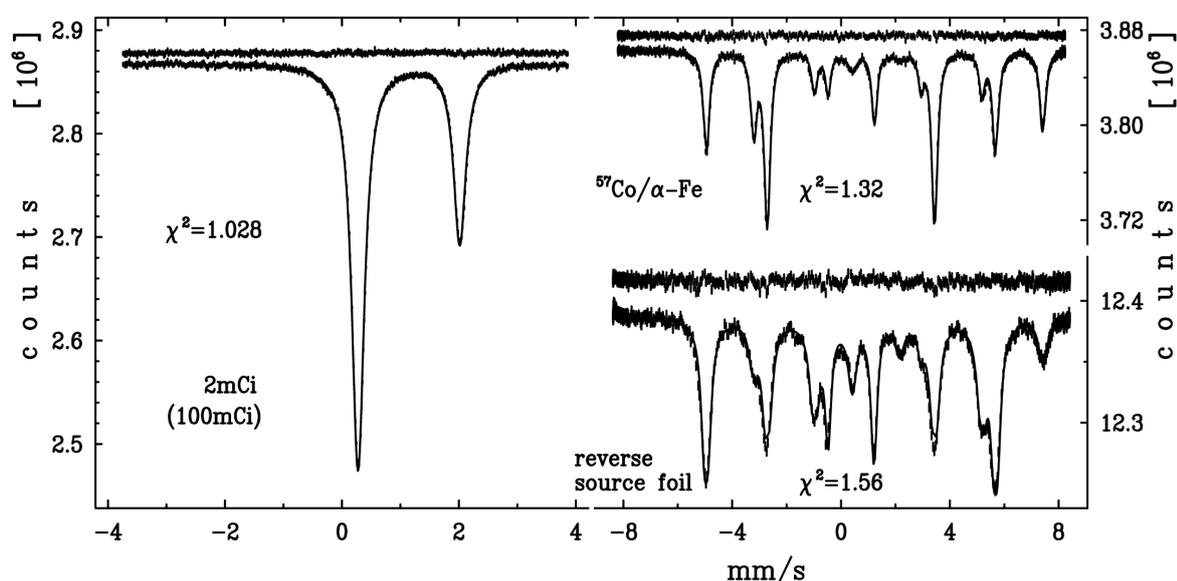


Figure 1: The theory for the old  $^{57}\text{Co}/\text{Rh}$  source fits the line shape of the measured FAS spectrum perfectly. The only parameter to be adjusted is the active area of the Rh foil (4 mm  $\varnothing$ ). The thickness of the foil is taken to be 6  $\mu\text{m}$ . The FAS-absorber has no free parameters. The diffusion length (10  $\mu\text{m}$ ) is the free parameter for the  $\alpha\text{-Fe}$  source. The selfabsorption in the  $\alpha\text{-Fe}$  foil is well described for both positions.

### References

- [1] H. Spiering, J.N. Bull, W.C. Tennant, to be published
- [2] V. Rusanov, V. Gushterov, L. Tsankov, L.H. Böttger, A.X. Trautwein, Nucl. Instr. Meth. B269:145(2011)